

UNG

To UNGIRD. *v. a.* To loose any thing bound with a girdle.
The man *ungirded* his camels, and gave them straw and provender. *Gen. xxiv. 32.*

The blest parent
Ungirt her spacious bosom, and discharg'd
The pond'rous birth. *Prior.*

UNGIRT. *adj.* Loosely dressed.
One tender foot was bare, the other shod;
Her robe *ungirt*. *Waller.*

Mulciber assigns the proper place
For Carians, and th' *ungirt* Numidian race. *Dryden.*
UNGLO'RIED. *adj.* Not honoured; not exalted with praise and adoration.

Left God should be any way *unglorified*, the greatest part
Of our daily service consisteth, according to the blessed ap-
ple's own precise rule, in much variety of palms and hymns;
that out of so plentiful a treasure, there might be for every
man's heart to chafe out for his own sacrifice. *Hosker.*

UNGLOVED. *adj.* Having the hand naked.
When we were come near to his chair, he stood up, hold-
ing forth his hand *ungloved*, and in posture of blessing. *Bacon.*

UNGIVING. *adj.* Not bringing gifts.
In vain at shrines th' *ungiving* suppliant stands:
This 'tis to make a vow with empty hands. *Dryden.*

To UNGLE. *v. a.* To loose any thing cemented.
Small rains relax and *ungle* the earth, to give vent to in-
flamed atoms. *Harvey on the Plague.*

She stretches, gapes, *ungles* her eyes,
And asks if it be time to rise. *Swift.*

To UNGO. *v. a.* To divest of divinity.
Were we wak'ned by this tyranny,
T' *ungo* this child again, it could not be
I should love her, who loves not me. *Donne.*

Thus men *ungodded* may to places rise,
And feels may be prefer'd without disguise. *Dryden.*
UNGODDLY. *adv.* Impiously; wickedly.

'Tis but an ill clay of that godly fear, to use that very
godly to irreverently and *ungodly*. *Governance of the Tongue.*
UNGODLINESS. *n. f.* Impiety; wickedness; neglect of God.

How grossly do many of us contradict the plain precepts of
the gospel by our *ungodliness* and worldly lusts? *Tillotson.*
UNGODLY. *adj.*

1. Wicked; negligent of God and his laws.
His just, avenging ire,
Had driven out th' *ungodly* from his sight,
And the habitations of the just. *Milton's Par. Lost.*

The finner here intended is the *ungodly* finner: he who for-
gets or defies his God. *Rogers.*

2. Polluted by wickedness.
Let not the hours of this *ungodly* day
Wear out in peace. *Shakespeare.*

UNGODRED. *adj.* Unwounded; unhurt.
I stand aloof, and will no reconciliation;
'Till by some elder masters of known honour,
I have a voice and precedent of peace,
To keep my name *ungodred*. *Shakespeare. Hamlet.*

UNGORGED. *adj.* Not filled; not fated.
The hell-hounds, as *ungorged* with flesh and blood,
Pursue their prey. *Dryden.*

Oh *ungodred* appetite! Oh ravenous thirst
Of a son's blood. *Smith's Phœdra and Hippolytus.*

UNGOVERNABLE. *adj.*
1. Not to be ruled; not to be restrained.

'They'll judge every thing by models of their own; and
thus are rendered unmanageable by any authority, and *un-
governable* by other laws, but those of the sword. *Glanville.*

2. Licentious; wild; unbridled.
So wild and *ungovernable* a poet, cannot be translated liter-
ally; his genius is too strong to bear a chain. *Dryden.*

He was free from any rough, *ungovernable* passions, which
hurry men on to fury and do very offensive things. *Atterbury.*
UNGOVERNED. *adj.*

1. Being without government.
The estate is yet *ungovern'd*. *Shakespeare. Rich. III.*

It pleaseth God above,
And all good men of this *ungovern'd* isle. *Shakespeare.*

2. Not regulated; unbridled; licentious.
Seek for him,
Left his *ungovern'd* rage dissolve the life
That wants the means to lead it. *Shakespeare. K. Lear.*

'Themselves they vilify'd
To serve *ungovern'd* appetite. *Milton's Par. Lost.*

Nor what to bid, or what forbid, he knows;
Th' *ungovern'd* tempest to such fury grows. *Dryden.*

From her own back the burthen would remove,
And lays the load on his *ungovern'd* love. *Dryden.*

UNGOVERN. *adj.*
1. Not gained; not acquired.
He is as free from touch or soil with her,
As she from one *ungovern'd*. *Shakespeare. Measure for Measure.*

His loins yet full of *ungod* princes; all
His glory in the bud. *Waller.*

UNGRA'CEFUL. *adj.* Wanting elegance; wanting beauty.
Raphael answer'd heav'n,
Nor are thy lips *ungraceful*, fire of men. *Milton.*

A folioctious watchfulness about one's behaviour, instead of
being mended, it will be constrained, uneasy, and *ungrace-
ful*. *Locke.*

He enjoyed the greatest strength of good sense, and the
most exquisite taste of politeness. Without the first learning is
but an inuicembrace; and without the last is *ungraceful*. *Johnson.*

UNGRA'CEFULNESS. *n. f.* Inelegance; awkwardness.
To attempt the putting another genius upon him, will
be labour in vain; and what is so plaitered on, will have al-
ways hanging to it the *ungracefulness* of constraint. *Locke.*

UNGRA'CIOS. *adj.*
1. Wicked; odious; hateful.

He, catching hold of her *ungracious* tongue,
Thereon an iron lock did fasten firm and strong. *Spenser.*

I'll in the mature time,
With this *ungracious* paper strike the sight
Of the death-practis'd duke. *Shakespeare. K. Lear.*

Do not, as some *ungracious* pastors do,
Shew me the sleep and thorny way to heav'n;
Whilft he, a put and reckless libertine,
Himself the primrose path of dalliance treads,
And recks not his own rede. *Shakespeare. Hamlet.*

To the gods alone
Our future offspring, and our wives are known;
Th' audacious trumpet, and *ungracious* son. *Dryden.*

2. Offensive; unpleasing.
Show me no parts which are *ungracious* to the sight, as all
pre-shortenings usually are. *Dryden.*

3. Unacceptable; not favoured.
'They did not except against the persons of any, though
several were most *ungracious* to them. *Clarendon.*

Anything of grace towards the Irish rebels, was as *ungrac-
ious* at Oxford, as at London. *Clarendon.*

Neither is it rare to observe among excellent and learned
divines, a certain *ungracious* manner, or an unhappy tone of
voice, which they never have been able to shake off. *Swift.*

UNGRA'NTED. *adj.* Not given; not yielded; not bestowed.
This only from your goodness let me gain,
And this *ungranted*, all rewards are vain. *Dryden.*

UNGRA'TEFUL. *adj.*
1. Making no returns, or making ill returns for kindness.

No person is remarkably *ungrateful*, who was not also in-
finitely proud. *South.*

2. Making no returns for culture.
Molt when driv'n by winds, the flaming storm
Of the long files destroys the beautiful form;
Nor will the wither'd stock be green again;
But the wild olive shoots, and shades th' *ungrateful* plain. *Dryden.*

3. Unpleasing; unacceptable.
It cannot be *ungrateful*, or without some pleasure to poste-
rity, to see the most exact relation of an action to full of
danger. *Clarendon.*

What is in itself harsh and *ungrateful*, must make harsh
and *ungrateful* impressions upon us. *Atterbury.*

UNGRA'TEFULLY. *adv.*
1. With ingratitude.

When call'd to distant wars,
His vanquish'd heart remain'd a victim here:
Orian's eyes that glorious conquest made;
Nor was his love *ungratefully* repaid. *Graville.*

We often receive the benefit of our prayers, when yet we
ungratefully charge heaven with denying our petitions. *Waller.*

2. Unacceptably; unpleasing.
Can I, without the detestable stain of *ungratefulness*, ab-
stain from loving him, who, far exceeding the beautifulness
of his shape with the beautifulness of his mind, is content so to
abate himself as to become Dametas's servant for my sake. *Sidney.*

3. Unacceptably; unpleasing quality.
UNGRA'VELY. *adv.* Without seriousness.

His present portance
Gibingly, and *ungravelly*, he did fashion. *Shakespeare.*

UNGROU'NDED. *adj.* Having no foundation.
Ignorance, with an indifference for truth, is nearer to it
than opinion with *ungrounded* inclination, which is the great
source of error. *Locke.*

This is a confidence the most *ungrounded* and irrational.
For upon what ground can a man promise himself a future
repentance, who cannot promise himself a futurity? *South.*

UNGRU'DINGLY. *adv.* Without ill will; willingly; heartily;
cheerfully.

If, when all his art and time is spent,
He say 'twill ne'er be found, yet be content;
Receive from him the doom *ungrudgingly*. *Donne.*

Because he is the mouth of destiny. *UNGUARDED.*

UNG

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UNGUARDED. *adj.*
1. Unattended.

Proud art thou met? Thy hope was to have reach'd
The throne of God *unguarded*, and his tide
Abandon'd. *Milton's Par. Lost, b. vi. l. 133.*

All through th' *unguarded* gates with joy reloit,
To see the flighted camp, the vacant port. *Denham.*

No door there was th' *unguarded* house to keep,
On creaking hinges turn'd, to break his sleep. *Dryden.*

2. Careless; negligent.
All the evils that proceed from an untied tongue, and an
unguarded, unlimited will, we put upon the accounts of
drunkenness. *Taylor.*

The spy, which does this treasure keep,
Does she ne'er say her pray'rs, nor sleep?
Or have not gold and flattery pow'r,
To purchase one *unguarded* hour? *Prior.*

With an *unguarded* look the now devour'd
My nearer face; and now recall'd her eye,
And heav'd, and thriv'd to hide a sudden sigh. *Prior.*

It was intended only to divert a few young ladies, of good
sense and good humour enough to laugh not only at their sex's
little *unguarded* follies, but at their own. *Pope.*

Are we not encompass'd by multitudes, who watch every
careless word, every *unguarded* action of our lives? *Rogers.*

UNGUARD. *adj.* Not directed; not regulated.
The blood weeps from my heart, when I do shape,
In forms imaginary, th' *unguarded* days,
And rotten times that you shall look upon,
When I am sleeping with my ancellors. *Shakespeare.*

Can *unguarded* matter keep itself to such exact conformi-
ties, as not in the least spot to vary from the species? *Glanville.*

They resolve all into the accidental, *unguarded* motions of
blind matter. *Locke.*

Nature, void of choice,
Does by *unguarded* motion things produce,
Regardless of their order. *Blackmore on the Creation.*

UNGUARD. *n. f.* [unquantum, Lat.] Ointment.
Pre-occupation of mind ever requirith preface of speech,
like a fomentation to make the *unguard* enter. *Bacon.*

There is an intercourse between the magnetick *unguard* and
the vulnerated body. *Glanville.*

With *unguarded* smooth, the lucid marble shone.
UNGUARD. *adj.* Not attained by conjecture.

He me sent, for cause to me *unguarded*. *Fairy Queen.*
UNHABITABLE. *adj.* [inhabitable, Fr. inhabitable, Lat.] Not
capable to support inhabitants; uninhabitable.

The night and day was always a natural day of twenty-four
hours, in all places remote from the *unhabitable* poles of the
world, and winter and summer always measured a year. *Haller.*

Though the course of the sun be curbed between the trop-
ics, yet are not those parts directly subject to his perpendi-
cular beams, *unhabitable*, or extremely hot. *Ray.*

UNHACKED. *adj.* Not cut; not hewn; not notched with
cuts.

With a blessed, and unex'd retire,
With *unhack'd* swords, and helmets all unbruise'd,
We will bear home that lusty blood again. *Shakespeare.*

Part with *unhack'd* edges, and bear back
Our targe undinted. *Shakespeare. Ant. and Cleopatra.*

To UNHALL. *v. a.* To deprive of holiness; to profane;
to deificate.

Perhaps the fact
Is not so heinous now, foretasted fruit;
Profan'd first by the serpent; by him first
Made common, and *unhallow'd*, ere our taste. *Milton.*

The vanity *unhallows* the virtue. *L'Estrange.*
This one use left such an indelible sacredness upon them,
that the impiety of the design could be no sufficient reason to
unhallow and degrade them to common use. *South.*

UNHALLOWED. *adj.* Unholy; profane.
Thy curst spirit
Govern'd a wolf, who hang'd for human slaughter:
Ev'n from the gallows did his fell soul fleet;
And while thou lay'st in thy *unhallow'd* dam
Infus'd itself in thee. *Shakespeare. Merchant of Venice.*

I had not unlock'd my lips
In this *unhallow'd* air, but that this jugler
Would think to charm my judgment, as mine eyes,
Obtruding false rules, pranc'd in reason's gait. *Milton.*

Nor shall presume to violate these bands,
Or touch thy person with *unhallow'd* hands. *Dryden.*

Here cease thy flight, nor with *unhallow'd* lays
Touch the fair fame of Albion's golden days. *Pope.*

To UNHAND. *v. a.* To loose from the hand.
Still am I call'd. *Unhand* me, gentlemen. *Shakespeare.*

Unhand me, traitors. *Denham's Sephy.*
UNHANDLED. *adj.* Not handled; not touched.
A race of youthful and *unhandled* colts,
Fetching mad bounds. *Shakespeare. Merchant of Venice.*

UNH

Cardinal Campeius
Hath left the cause of th' king *unhandled*. *Shakespeare. Hen. VIII.*

UNHANDSOME. *n. f.*
1. Ungraceful; not beautiful.

I was glad I had done so good a deed for a gentlewoman
not *unhandsome*, whom before I had in like sort helped. *Sidney.*

She that so far the rest out-shin'd;
Silvia the fair, while she was kind,
Seems only not *unhandsome* now. *Waller.*

As I cannot admit that there is any thing *unhandsome* or in-
convenient in the globe. *Woodward.*

2. Illiberal; disingenuous.
UNHANDSOMELY. *adv.* [from *unhandsome*.]
1. Inelegantly; ungracefully.

The ruined churches are so *unhandsomely* patched and
thatched, that men do, even than the places for the unconcomeli-
ness thereof. *Spenser.*

2. Disingenuously; illiberally.
He raves, Sir, and to cover my disdain,
Unhandsomely would his denial reign. *Dryden.*

UNHANDSOMENESS. *n. f.* [from *unhandsome*.]
1. Want of beauty.

The sweetness of her countenance did give such a grace
to what she did, that it did make handsome the *unhandsomeness*
of it, and make the eye force the mind to believe, that there
was a praise in that unskillfulness. *Sidney, b. ii.*

2. Want of elegance.
Be not troublesome to thyself, or to others, by *unhandsome-
ness* or uncleanness. *Taylor.*

3. Illiberalness; disingenuity.
UNHANDY. *adj.* Awkward; not dexterous.

UNHANGED. *adj.* Not put to death by the gallows.
There live not three good men *unhang'd* in England. *Shakespeare.*

UNHAPPY. *n. f.* Misfortune; ill fortune.
She visited that place, where first she was so happy as to
see the cause of her *unhappy*. *Sidney.*

UNHAPPILY. *adv.* [from *unhappy*.] Miserably; unfortunately;
wretchedly; calamitously.

You hold a fair assembly: you do well, lord:
You are a churchman, or I'll tell you, cardinal,
I should judge now most *unhappily*. *Shakespeare.*

He was *unhappily* too much used as a check upon the lord
Coventry. *Clarendon.*

I unweeting have offended,
Unhappily deceiv'd! *Milton's Par. Lost.*

There is a day a coming, when all these witty fools shall
be *unhappily* undeceived. *Tillotson's Sermons.*

UNHAPPINESS. *n. f.*
1. Misery; infelicity.

If ever he have child, abortive be it,
Prodigious, and untimely brought to light,
And that be heir to his *unhappiness*. *Shakespeare.*

The real foundation of our *unhappiness* would be laid in our
reason, and we should be more miserable than the beasts, by
how much we have a quicker apprehension. *Tillotson.*

It is our great *unhappiness*, when any calamities fall upon
us, that we are uneasy, and dissatisfied. *Wake.*

2. Calamity; distress.
She hath often dream'd of *unhappiness*, and waked herself
with laughing. *Shakespeare. Much Ado about Nothing.*

3. Misfortune; ill luck.
St. Austin hath laid down a rule to this purpose, though
he had the *unhappiness* not to follow it always himself. *Burnet.*

UNHAPPY. *adj.* Wretched; miserable; unfortunate; cala-
mitous; distressed.

Desire of wand'ring this *unhappy* morn.
You know not, while you here attend,
Th' unworthy fate of your *unhappy* friend:
Breathless he lies, and his unbury'd ghost
Depriv'd of funeral rites. *Dryden.*

To UNHARBOUR. *v. a.* To drive from shelter.
UNHARBoured. *adj.* Affording no shelter.

'Tis chastity:
She that has that is clad in complete steel;
And, like a quiver'd nymph, with arrows keen,
May trace huge forests, and *unharbour'd* heaths,
Infamous hills, and sandy perilous wilds. *Milton.*

UNHARDENED. *adj.* Not confirmed; not made hard.
Messengers
Of strong prevailment in *unhardened* youth. *Shakespeare.*

UNHARDY. *adj.* Feeble; tender; timorous.
The wisest, unexperienc'd, will be ever
Timorous and loth, with noise modestly;
Insolent, *unhardy*, unvalentious. *Milton.*